

SAFETY DATA SHEET Papain 49,000 USP/MG

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Papain 49,000 USP/MG

Product number BP05FTZ005OK

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Ingredient for use in dietary supplements, food supplements, and other nutrition products, as applicable.

Uses advised against
No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Innophos

259 Prospect Plains Rd. Bldg A

Cranbury, NJ 08512 1-609-495-2495

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone CHEMTREC

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300

Outside USA and Canada: +1-703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted)(24/7)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Combustible Dust - USH01

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 STOT SE 3 - H335

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Label elements

Hazard symbols





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements USH01 May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Revision date: 9/20/2021 Revision: 2 Supersedes date: 8/31/2021



Papain 49,000 USP/MG

Precautionary statements P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/ doctor.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains Papain

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Papain 60-100%

CAS number: 9001-73-4

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Resp. Sens. 1 - H334 STOT SE 3 - H335

MALTODEXT (M-100), KOSHER-IP

10-30%

CAS number: 9050-36-6

Classification

Combustible Dust - USH01

Sodium Metabisulfite

1-5%

CAS number: 7681-57-4

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.



Composition comments The exact composition and or concentration has been withheld as a trade secret per OSHA 29 CFR

1910.1200.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm

and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. In the event of any sensitization symptoms developing, ensure further exposure

is avoided.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected

person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin Contact Brush off loose particles from skin. Rinse with water.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated

clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be

dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will

vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. A single exposure may cause the

following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.

Ingestion May cause irritation.

Skin contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water

fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards None known.



Hazardous combustion products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.



Storage class Chemical storage.

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 15 mg/m³ Total Dust (Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated-PNOR) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 5 mg/m³ Respirable Fraction (Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated-PNOR)

Sodium Metabisulfite

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 5 mg/m³

A4

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

A4 = Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.



Respiratory protection Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment

indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter

mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure controls Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment

should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Solid. (Powder.)

Color Off White ~ Tan

Odor Characteristic.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH 4.8-6.2

Melting point Not available.

Initial boiling point and range Not available.

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Not applicable.

Evaporation factor Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Relative density

Not available.

Not available.

Other flammability Not available.

Vapor pressure Not applicable.

Vapor density Not applicable.

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Bulk density Not available.

Solubility(ies) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not applicable.

Explosive properties Not available.



flame

Explosive under the influence of a Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

Oxidizing properties Not applicable.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed

storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition

> (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust

accumulation.

Materials to avoid Oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion

products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 50,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Summary

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Summary

Skin corrosion/irritation

Summary Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Summary Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitization

Summary May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitization

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Summary

Germ cell mutagenicity

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Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Summary May cause respiratory irritation.

Target organs Respiratory system, lungs

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Summary Not relevant. Solid.

General information Dust may irritate the eyes and the respiratory system. The severity of the symptoms described will vary

dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. A single exposure may cause the

following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.

Ingestion May cause irritation.

Skin Contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs Respiratory system, lungs

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous

effects on the environment.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability
The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Mobility in soil

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Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods

Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

14. Transport information

UN Number

UN No. (DOT) Not applicable.

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (DOT) Not applicable.

Transport hazard class(es)

DOT transport labels

No transport warning sign required.

Packing group

DOT packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user

DOT reportable quantity

Not applicable.

DOT TIH Zone

Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory References OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

US Federal Regulations

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed.

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

None of the ingredients are listed.



SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

None of the ingredients are listed.

CAA Accidental Release Prevention

None of the ingredients are listed.

FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Combustible Dust Respiratory or skin sensitization Serious eye damage or eye irritation Skin corrosion or irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

None of the ingredients are listed.

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

The following ingredients are listed:

Sodium Metabisulfite

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed:

Sodium Metabisulfite

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed:

Sodium Metabisulfite

Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed:

Sodium Metabisulfite

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed:



Sodium Metabisulfite

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed:

Sodium Metabisulfite

Inventories

US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act in the safety data sheet

IATA: International air transport association.

ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air.

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods.

CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate.

LC₅₀: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose).

FC₅₀: 50% of maximal effective concentration

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and

acronyms

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

Resp. Sens. = Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

Issued by Innophos

Revision date 9/20/2021

Revision 2

Supersedes date 8/31/2021

Hazard statements in full H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

USH01 May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

^{*}This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of such information for the user's own particular use, and for ensuring that all such uses and applications (including user's labeling of its products) comply with applicable law.